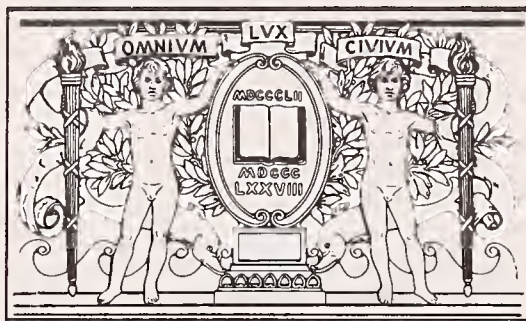


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**COMMONWEALTH OF MASSACHUSETTS**

**DEPARTMENT OF EDUCATION**

**Board of Higher Education**



**Division of Immigration and Americanization**

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**FIFTIETH  
ANNUAL REPORT**

**July 1, 1966—June 30, 1967**



THE COMMONWEALTH OF MASSACHUSETTS

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DIVISION OF IMMIGRATION AND AMERICANIZATION  
MAIN OFFICE

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LAWRENCE, MASS.	Room 308-309, Blakeley Building 477 Essex Street Telephone: MURdock 2-2877 District Immigration Agent Andrew W. Ansara
SPRINGFIELD, MASS.	State Office Building 235 Chestnut Street Telephone: REpublic 4-1018 District Immigration Agent John A. McInnes
WORCESTER, MASS.	Room 401-402, Park Building 507 Main Street Telephone: PLeasant 5-6815 District Immigration Agent Edmund B. Meduski



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REPORT OF THE  
DIVISION OF IMMIGRATION AND AMERICANIZATION  
FOR THE YEAR  
JULY 1, 1966 TO JUNE 30, 1967

OUR GOLDEN ANNIVERSARY!!!!!!

This year brings to a close fifty years of service the Division of Immigration and Americanization has been rendering in the Commonwealth in "bringing into sympathetic and mutually helpful relations the Commonwealth and its residents of foreign origin, and generally promote their assimilation and and naturalization." Established in 1917 as the Bureau of Immigration, in 1919 it became the Division of Immigration and Americanization as part of the Department of Education. Its duties and functions have remained the same through the years. One million six hundred and ten thousand services have been given through our offices which are located in Boston, Fall River, Lawrence, Springfield and Worcester. Our records show 16,981 services in 1920 with steady increases shown and the fiscal year ending June 30, 1966 a total of 45,034. Our largest amount of services recorded was in 1940 - 53,633 - the year of the initiation of the Alien Registration Act. The work of the Division is intensified and varied with world situations and economics of war, depression and enactment of various immigration, citizenship and general welfare laws.

In a state which ranks 7th in the number of aliens with 40% of the population of "foreign stock" as defined in the 1960 United States census reports (foreign born persons and those with foreign born parents) denotes the mute testimony of the far-reaching and great demand for our services.

NUMBER OF SERVICES

Of the 45,034 services recorded in our statistics this year, the Boston Office shows 23,984; Fall River - 4,394; Lawrence - 7,243; Springfield - 3,832 and Worcester - 5,581. Of the total services 10,000 concerned immigration matters, no doubt because of the Immigration Act of 1965. Helping in reunion of families and giving information regarding labor clearances required which are now in so many cases, was a great part of these services.

REUNION OF FAMILIES

The Act of October 5, 1965, granting nonquota status to parents of United States citizens, and second preference category to unmarried children of aliens, as well as making more numbers available in the fifth preference category for brothers and sisters, has reunited many families. However in Massachusetts where we have a large Italian population, for many there are brothers and sisters waiting on the lists since 1955 for their turns to come.



For a number of these who might qualify as skilled workers, we have assisted in filing applications with necessary translations of documents to show skills, in hope of earlier issuance of visas.

Assistance in filing petitions for brothers and sisters in countries as Ireland and England where the quota is current, has increased. Formerly, we were instrumental in making the affidavits of support in behalf of these relatives and their visa applications were issued on this basis. Now, because of the labor clearance requirement and because the prospective employee is not physically present in the United States, it has been difficult to get employers, their immediate relatives are petitioning for preference category.

The visa petition activity shows a tremendous upswing. United States citizens and lawful permanent resident aliens who previously had refrained from petitioning for close relatives because of the previous hopeless-looking quota situation in many instances, are now encouraged to file such petitions. Parents arriving in the United States from Italy, Greece and Portugal, who have adult children remaining abroad, have called at our offices within a few days of their arrival, in possession of the proper documents, prepared to file petitions for them.

Since the Act of October 1965 further provided to have mentally retarded children join their families, to our knowledge five families were able to comply with all requirements to have reunions in the United States. One, a young Italian girl of 18, whose citizen parents and brothers were well-established apple orchard farmers, is happily engaged in helping out on the farm.

Also we have particularly noted that under the several new provisions in the laws, Chinese parents have joined their children from Hong Kong; a number of them in the past year have adjusted to permanent residents as they had come as refugees, and even brothers and sisters of citizens have arrived from abroad in the past year.

#### LABOR CLEARANCE REQUIREMENTS

For the many for whom it is necessary to have labor clearances to come to the United States, there are a number of obstacles. For many of the Canadian relatives, our clients have found that without the personal presence of the applicant, it is difficult to get employer sponsorship. Then for those who are willing to file the labor clearance, when told of the months before final issuance of visa is made and arrival of employee to start working, many of the employers have refused to complete the process.

Application for preferential status in this area, filed with the U. S. Immigration Service for either the third or sixth preference, because of the backlog of work, takes many months for action.

The "live-in maid" applications seem to be as numerous as ever. Many are for persons in the West Indies. The majority have stayed at their jobs on arrival, but in a number of cases there has been dissatisfaction expressed because of living distance away from the city, or the desire to change to



### 1966 NEW ARRIVALS

Of the 15,120 immigrants destined to Massachusetts for the year 1966, persons came from the following countries:

Canada	2,092
Italy	1,815
United Kingdom	1,149
Greece	772
Poland	636
China	486
Germany	450
Denmark, Norway, Sweden	238
Cuba	227
Colombia	147
Argentina	87
Haiti	71
Dominican Republic	67
Japan	66
Ecuador	59
Philippines	59
Mexico	34
Yugoslavia	28 etc.

As compared to the preceding year, some 3,000 less came from Canada, United Kingdom, Germany. An increase is shown notably in those from Italy, Greece, Portugal, Poland, China, no doubt due to the law of October 1965 which established the pool for fifth preference permitting more brothers and sisters in the quota. Also, since parents from those countries are now nonquota, many of them, immediately on arrival into the United States, have been able to petition for second preference category for their unmarried adult children who are able to join them soon.

### OTHER IMMIGRATION PROBLEMS

The charts attached show the many aspects of services given in many phases of assistance to assimilation of the many foreign born persons in the Commonwealth. Adjustment of status to residents - other than Cubans - concerned 357 cases. A number of these were visitors in the United States who had married citizens in the United States and could apply without leaving the country under Section 245 of the Immigration Law. Five were Greek seamen for whom it was necessary to initiate action at some Consul abroad after the grant of voluntary departure by the U. S. Immigration Officials. This involved much correspondence, filing of papers, translation of records and final appointment from the Consul before departure abroad for the visa. A number of these were for persons from the West Indies who had come on a visit to the United States and then married United States citizens. The Consuls in Canada have been able to expedite action in these cases and the United States Immigration Service has been most generous in extending the time in the United States of such persons under immigration proceedings until such time as an appointment is given by the Consul.

another type of work. In the case of the "domestic" who, on arrival, did not report to work to the employer for whom the labor clearance was granted but went to work in a factory, she came under immigration proceedings and the special inquiry officer found that she was excludable at entry because of lack of valid labor certificate. However, she was granted voluntary departure, is getting a labor clearance for her preferred work and is hoping to return to the United States as a resident again.

There is no doubt that the labor clearance requirement has proven to be a hardship and caused a decrease in the number of persons entering the United States particularly from Canada and countries of the Western Hemisphere.

#### RECENT IMMIGRATION

From the United States Immigration Service Annual Report, it is noted that from 1965 to 1966, 323,040 immigrants were admitted to the United States of whom 126,310 were subject to numerical limitation. This is an increase of 26,343 immigrants from the last year, the largest number since fiscal 1957, and before that 1927 which is due, no doubt, to the laws permitting reunion of families.

Of the 323,040 immigrants, 10,000 or more had as place of intended residence the following states:

<u>State</u>	<u>Number of Immigrants</u>
New York	77,279
California	73,073
Illinois	18,158
New Jersey	17,667
Massachusetts	15,120
Florida	14,028
Texas	13,742

In the past ten years, 119,661 immigrants came to Massachusetts of the total 2,879,388 immigrants admitted to the United States in that time.

1966	15,120
1965	11,455
1964	12,650
1963	13,571
1962	11,578
1961	12,091
1960	11,953
1959	9,855
1958	10,128
1957	11,260



## CUBANS

The enactment of P.L. 89-732 on November 2, 1966 which provides for adjustment of the Cuban Parolees in the United States to that of permanent residents, shows an increase of services to persons of this nationality. We filed 500 applications in behalf of such Cubans in the past year which accounted for at least 90% of the applications for such adjustment at the United States Immigration Office in Boston. We were fortunate to have the services of two Social Workers who, with their ability to speak and translate Spanish, expedited such applications. Personal documents are part of the applications. In translation services of 2,166 recorded this year, more than half of this number is for Spanish documents.

The annual alien registration report lists 2,500 Cuban nationals in this Commonwealth, but an estimate of 6,000 is given by the various groups concerned with such persons.

Massachusetts has the average group of Cubans; professional and otherwise. A great number are in clerical and sales categories and there are semi-skilled and unskilled working in hospitals and restaurants. Only two cases locally are known to be recipients of Public Welfare assistance and many are advancing into their professional fields as accountants, teachers and dentists.

For a number of those whom we assisted in filling the applications for family reunions through the airlifts, Castro has not permitted departure. A United States citizen mother still waits for her 15 year old daughter as she has been doing for the past four years. Because a sister is in jail as a political prisoner, the rest of the family of the young man who had arrived by a small boat from Cuba, still waits.

For many of the relatives we are now assisting in making the necessary applications with pleas to the Mexican Government for temporary entrance from Cuba and thus to the United States. A number of the relatives still are able to go to Spain from Cuba, with living expenses provided by the established relative in the United States. We then assist in making the necessary affidavits of support, etc., for parents, with information and procedures in getting labor clearances for brothers and sisters for final issuance of visas for reunion with their relatives.

Already we have helped a number of Cubans in applications for United States citizenship and so, for many, Massachusetts is home without the mobility of the unsettled person.

## OTHER FAMILY REUNIONS

We note also an increase of clientele from the independent countries, Costa Rica; Dominican Republic; Guatemala and the West Indies. Many of them had come as domestic "live-ins" with labor clearance and now come to us for assistance in filing forms to have their husbands and minor children come to the United States.



It should be noted also that for some 42 applicants seeking to bring relatives from U.S.S.R. we have made the "Vyzov" made in English and the Russian languages. After proper notarization and legalization by the Secretary of the Commonwealth and authentication by the Department of State, it is sent to the relative in U.S.S.R. to present to officials for the permit to depart. Some 10 persons, to our knowledge, were successful in getting to this State in the past year. All seem to be given permit to visit for three months.

Of those admitted for permanent residence, a mother from Lithuania who had left many grandchildren behind and is now with a daughter who had been separated from her since 1942 and is not happy in being apart from those with whom she had recent closer association. She may return. The father from Estonia and the sister who had spent years in Siberia are well adjusted and happy in their new home.

Amazingly now with the Polish nonpreference quota being available, many of our applicants have been successful in getting job clearances through the Labor Office which are being sent abroad for action for young nieces and nephews.

#### ALIEN REGISTRATION

In 1967, 3,668,836 aliens reported under the Alien Address Program. Of these 3,210,768 were permanent residents. The states with the largest number of permanent resident aliens registering were:

California	808,240
New York	558,777
Texas	230,348
Illinois	213,104
Florida	112,703
	(208,529 temporary - no doubt because of Cubans)
New Jersey	164,943
Massachusetts	131,489
Michigan	129,482

#### ALIENS IN MASSACHUSETTS

131,489 were permanent residents so that Massachusetts is seventh in the United States with number of resident aliens or 4% of the total population. The nationality of these is:

EUROPE -----	81,003
Albania	434
Austria	600
Belgium	265
Bulgaria	37
Czechoslovakia	158

Denmark	243
Estonia	38
Finland	1,043
France	1,918
Germany	4,361
Greece	4,153
Hungary	382
Ireland	6,006
Italy	13,812
Latvia	661
Lithuania	2,394
Luxembourg	12
Netherlands	1,401
Norway	522
Poland	8,450
Portugal	18,136
Rumania	139
Spain	291
Sweden	889
Switzerland	386
Turkey	642
United Kingdom	11,684
U.S.S.R.	1,681
Yugoslavia	174
Other Europe	91

ASIA-----5,251

China	2,246
India	385
Indonesia	20
Iran	167
Iraq	28
Israel	361
Japan	485
Jordan	102
Korea	262
Lebanon	529
Pakistan	29
Palestine	23
Philippines	293
Other Asia	321

NORTH AMERICA-----39,855

Canada	35,231
Mexico	237
Cuba	2,500
Dominican Republic	252
Haiti	242
Jamaica	361
Trinidad & Tobago	64
Costa Rica	240
El Salvador	42

Guatemala	147
Honduras	261
Nicaragua	30
Panama	248
<b>SOUTH AMERICA-----</b>	<b>2,746</b>
Argentina	585
Brazil	688
Chile	82
Colombia	684
Ecuador	199
Peru	220
Venezuela	174
Other South America	113
<b>AFRICA-----</b>	<b>471</b>
Morocco	13
South Africa	165
Tunisia	24
U.A.R. (Egypt)	195
Other Africa	74
<b>OCEANIA-----</b>	<b>365</b>
Australia	292
New Zealand	71
Other Oceania	2
<b>STATELESS-----</b>	<b>1,102</b>
<b>ALL OTHER-----</b>	<b>696</b>

#### CITIZENSHIP

The United States Report shows that in 1966 124,178 persons were naturalized in the United States. Of the persons naturalized 46,536 were males and 56,523 females. Their median age was 33.2. The states where the largest number were naturalized were as follows:

New York	22,971
California	19,830
Illinois	7,451
New Jersey	7,188
Texas	4,694
Massachusetts	4,304
Pennsylvania	3,467
Florida	3,189
Ohio	3,133
Michigan	3,132



The nationalities of persons naturalized in Massachusetts:

Italy	724
Portugal	631
Canada	568
Germany	326
Ireland	364
United Kingdom	313
Greece	275
Poland	132 etc.

In our offices we filled 1,772 applications for petitions for naturalization last year. With the addition now of form G-325A, all applications take considerable time. No longer is it required for persons to be citizens to qualify for old age assistance or benefits, but occasionally there is the elderly widow who is anxious to be a citizen to get into the housing project for which United States citizenship is required. Only lack of initiative and fear of not qualifying had prevented her from applying earlier. A number who had just the required residence have attended classes and have been able to become citizens because their incentive was that they could then petition for fourth preference category for their married children and have them reunited in the United States.

OUR BOOKLET

Yearly we have printed at least 10,000 booklets "Questions and Answers in Preparation for Naturalization Examination" which has been of great assistance to the applicants for citizenship. Each person applying for citizenship is given a copy and we distribute it to public school classes in citizenship, civic clubs, etc.

IMPORTANT CITIZENSHIP CASE RULING

The far-reaching decision in AFROYIM v RUSK case which reversed the ruling that United States Citizenship was lost by voting in a foreign political election, has affected a number of our Italian born clients who had come to the United States with Italian passports. For several we have filed petitions as citizens in behalf of their children left abroad. I believe that there are many more persons in Massachusetts who had been refused U. S. passports because they voted in foreign elections who will now have their U. S. citizenship recognized. In addition, persons refused passports on the ground that they lost their nationality under other provisions of the statute may also continue to be citizens if the loss of citizenship was not a voluntary relinquishment as loss of nationality by naturalization in a foreign state; a formal declaration of allegiance to a foreign state; serving in the Armed Forces of a foreign state; accepting employment under a foreign government if foreign nationality is obtained or if the employment requires a declaration of foreign allegiance.



### OTHER CITIZENSHIP PROBLEMS

There are still with us the persons who have lived in the United States so long and know very little about their entry as they came as children and for whom assistance must be given in getting evidence of residence prior to July 1, 1924. It is satisfying to the worker when, after much correspondence and ferreting of old records of assessors records, police listings, the application filed and granted, the person is naturalized. Eighteen such persons were assisted.

For those acquiring citizenship through parents, we assisted them in filing 376 applications for Certificate of Derivative Citizenship. 133 persons had lost their naturalization certificates so application had to be made for a duplicate one; 121 persons needed to get Declarations of Intention, required of them for employment purposes or to take medical or insurance examinations in this State.

United States citizenship is a prized possession and even though many have heard of the ruling that United States naturalized persons do not lose their citizen by protracted residence abroad, inquiries are often made for elderly people desiring to return to their country of birth.

With the conveniently available evening classes for English and Citizenship in this state, it has been an incentive for the newcomer to apply for citizenship as soon as possible after the necessary residence period as he is better qualified.

### NEWCOMERS

Our records show that 2,712 new arrivals from abroad have contacted us in various problems. Some are for general information of change of address notification, draft board locations, employment opportunities, evening classes, nonpayment of wages by employer, as well as assistance in procedures in application for family reunions. Our contacts with these persons are either through their relatives whom we had previously helped, or in answer to our letter of welcome and offer of assistance which is sent to each family arriving in Massachusetts as we receive these records.

### COOPERATION WITH OTHER AGENCIES

We are glad to be the clearing house of information and referral to many social agencies sending clients to us. We answer many telephone inquiries as well. The cooperative spirit with the adult class principals and teachers is mutually beneficial. The courteous and prompt assistance from the U. S. Immigration Service is most gratifying as we are mutually involved in so many cases.

In noting the first year under the Immigration Act of October 5, 1965, for the first time the AMERICAN IMMIGRATION AND CITIZENSHIP CONFERENCE was



held in Boston in December 1966 with many sponsoring agencies of which we were one. The one day conference with Senator Kennedy as the main speaker was most successful with some 2,000 attending.

### THE FUTURE

A number of changes have already been made in easing barriers and expediting the approval of the required labor clearances. However, many discriminations still exist in the immigration law and many are of the opinion that legally admitted aliens could establish preference for their parents; that certain preference privileges should be accorded relatives of Western Hemisphere as is for relatives in other countries.

The Commission, established to study the ceilings on Western Hemisphere Immigration, is seeking an extension of a year for their report and further action. Bills of various aspects on immigration, as well as to ease naturalization examination requirements, have been introduced into Congress. Although the Act of October 3, 1965 has made more family reunions possible, in cases of Italians where brothers and sisters in the fifth preference category who are waiting since prior to March 1955, has received the consideration of at least one Senator who promises introduction of legislation to help this situation.

As in the past fifty years, this Division continues to serve and help not only the individual clients, but benefits communities and the Commonwealth by assisting the many persons of foreign background to become an integral part of the Community, State and County by voting, participation in and becoming part of the American Way of Life.

### WORCESTER OFFICE

"Welcome to Worcester! Bienvenido! Bonne Arive! Haz Geldin! Kangei! Sen O Sib Ci!" quoting a flyer from the International Center mentioning this is what they try to say to five hundred students, doctors and their families who come from over seventy different countries each year to study, work and also to impart their knowledge and skills at the various colleges, hospitals and foundations in this area. Our office assists these same people with information in many technical aspects of their stay, as well as permanent residence that many of which later become concerned.

But they only account for a certain percentage of the 5,581 services that we perform for 3,327 clients; the rest being permanent resident aliens and citizens of the United States.

Due to his ability to speak the Polish Language, the District Agent again accompanied the Supervisor of Social Service and a Social Worker from





## SPRINGFIELD OFFICE

On June 30, 1967, the Division of Immigration and Americanization completed fifty years of service to residents of the Commonwealth. To this Agent who has been with the Division the major portion of these years with assignments at Boston, New Bedford and Springfield, it has been a most rewarding experience to have assisted and guided nearly a quarter of a million residents of our state so that adjustment to their environment may result to the benefit of the state.

During the past fiscal year, 3832 services were given to residents of forty-six localities in Berkshire, Franklin, Hampden and Hampshire counties. Forty-one individuals, former residents of this State now residing in other parts of the country, communicated with us seeking information and advice promised to them as a result of our contacts with them when they first came here to reside in our area.

Letters of welcome to new immigrants were sent to 856 families advising them of our services to the foreign-born and inviting them to seek our assistance at any time. Replies were received from them seeking information in matters pertaining to their desire to become citizens, the reuniting of members of their immediate families still residing abroad and regulations pertaining to Selective Service registrations.

Since the opening of EXPO 67 we have been deluged with inquiries from both citizens and aliens seeking advice about both the Canadian and United States Immigration Regulations for entry to Canada and reentering the United States.

Immigration service continued to be the bulk of our work. Explanation of laws and the proper procedures to individuals interested in bringing relatives or friends to live in the United States was time-consuming and very difficult to us when it concerned individuals coming from abroad required to obtain alien employment certification. In most instances, applicants had received information from relatives or friends abroad stating - "I now understand that if I have a letter guaranteeing to me that a job is waiting for me, I will be permitted to immediately go to the United States". As the majority of the intended immigrants were unskilled, it has been practically impossible to find employment for them.

This past April, one of our cases pending before the United States Immigration Service since 1963 was brought to a successful conclusion and the alien was finally granted adjustment of his status under Section 245 of the Immigration and Naturalization Act. This case concerned a young man, native of Italy, born in September 1942, permanent resident of the United States since July 1956, found deportable having been convicted for criminal offenses committed after his entry.



We assisted 30 Cuban parolees admitted subsequent to January 1, 1959 and physically present in the United States for at least two years, in adjusting to permanent residence under P.L. 89-732 Act of November 2, 1966. The majority of them were highly educated or technically skilled persons who have been unable to engage in their professions or technical field because they were only temporary residents. They were most appreciative of the opportunity given them by the United States Government to adjust their status. One of these cases concerned a man who has found it difficult to manage to provide for his wife and six children in the manner to which they were accustomed before entering this country. He had served in both the Cuban and United States Air Forces and while there had become a skilled airplane mechanic. Although his talent is needed, a nearby concern engaged in airplane manufacture could not accept him due to the fact they they are engaged in government work. It is also interesting to note that the spouse of this man was born in the United States, was taken to Cuba at a tender age, voted in a political election in that country, was admitted to the United States as a Cuban parolee and last March had her status adjusted to a permanent resident. As a result of the United States Supreme Court decision of May 29, 1967 in the case of Afroyim v. Rusk, she may now be considered a citizen. We corresponded with the United States Department of State concerning her loss of United States Nationality. As a result of information received from them, we have corresponded with the United States Naturalization Service for an adjustment of her status. A favorable decision in her case will enable her to seek employment at the above-mentioned concern, permit her husband to immediately apply for citizenship and permit her minor children to derive citizenship through parents.

Since the decision of the United States Supreme Court in the case of Afroyim v. Rusk on May 29, 1967, we have corresponded with the United States Department of State, Washington, D.C. on other cases requesting a review of loss of nationality by voting in foreign elections. Subsequently, we have been advised that certificates of loss of nationality of United States have been vacated and contact should be made with the United States Naturalization Service for adjustment of status of the individuals. There is no doubt that we will be called upon to assist numerous individuals with similar problems during this coming year.

The Agent has attended final naturalization hearings and has enjoyed the privilege of meeting with the naturalization examiner, clerk of court and the Judge sitting at the various sessions. At the conclusion of these court hearings, former clients have approached the Agent in the court for the purpose of seeking further advice and assistance of the office in either sponsoring relatives or obtaining certificates of citizenship for their children.

All public and private agencies with whom we have been associated having interest in problems of the foreign-born, have been most cooperative. Through the year we have had contacts with the Adult Education Program and have furnished evening classes with booklets for use of adults preparing for citizenship. It must be pointed out that a fine spirit of cooperation with us was shown by the offices of the United States Immigration and Naturalization Service at Springfield and Boston.



## LAWRENCE OFFICE

The upward trend of services rendered by the Lawrence District Office continued during fiscal year 1966-67. Although the figure of 6,549 services for 1966 was an all-time high, an additional 694 services were rendered during this past fiscal year for a total of 7,243.

Services for Cubans continue to play a major part of our work. With the amendment to the law whereby Cuban refugees can adjust their status to that of permanent residents without having to leave the country, our office was kept busy completing forms and explaining procedures. Furthermore, we are continuing to complete Family Status Cards for Cubans to bring their relatives from Cuba under the Air-lift which has been in effect since December, 1965.

The liberalization of the immigration laws and the easing of quota restrictions also is serving to increase our workload. Relatives from Italy and Greece, especially, who never dreamed they would live to see America are coming in ever increasing numbers. It is a source of satisfaction to us to realize we had a part in reuniting these families, many of whom have been separated for years.

"Reverse restrictions", if a phrase may be coined, are continuing to plague our friends from Canada and other Western Hemisphere countries because of labor clearances. Where it was so easy to bring brothers and sisters from Canada, Mexico and other Western Hemisphere countries, and so difficult to bring them from Greece and Italy, the reverse is true now. This will continue until a report by a special committee is made in Washington regarding Western Hemisphere immigration. It is hoped that these restrictions will be eased.

A large part of our work this past year dealt with the completion of forms to bring persons with needed skills to the United States. We have been working closely with a large manufacturing firm in Lowell who need skilled workers.

Our office was also busy during the past year with applications for citizenship. This Agent attended all the naturalization sessions in Lowell and in Lawrence, and again, it was most satisfying to see the pride and happiness in the faces of many whom we assisted as they achieved the coveted goal of United States citizenship.

Other services included the translation of documents from French, German, Arabic and Italian; the completion of applications for United States passports and the referral of newcomers with problems other than immigration and citizenship to the proper resources.

Our relations with public and private agencies both at home and abroad continue to be excellent and we constantly receive their full cooperation in behalf of our clients.



## FALL RIVER OFFICE

The Fall River Branch Office terminated its fiscal year 1967 with a total of 4,394 services rendered to individuals residing in 39 separate cities and towns in Southeastern Massachusetts. In classifying and recording the work at this office we used the basis of services and that of a client count which numbered a total of 2,253 individuals served. These services dealt exclusively with immigration and citizenship laws which are of a complex nature and vague to the ordinary lay person who has not studied or dealt in this field as he would not be familiar with the comprehensive interpretations of all the various laws.

With President Johnson's signature on October 3, 1965, H. R. 2580 became Public Law 89-236. When the President signed this bill at the foot of the Statue of Liberty it abolished a national origins quota system and eliminated discrimination because of race, creed or national origin. With the revision of the immigration law, numerous built-in equities were created thus liberalizing immigration quotas.

During the past fiscal year, the impact of these new immigration laws were highly visible in the area of Southeastern Massachusetts. Approximately 5,000 new immigrants settled and made their homes in the areas of Fall River, New Bedford, Taunton, the Attleboro's and surrounding towns and are continuing to arrive. These newcomers are joining our society for the first time and are sent a letter of welcome from the Fall River Branch Office explaining that if they have a problem concerning citizenship or immigration they are invited to call or write this office. The response has been favorable and reasonably successful.

Forty-eight separate nationalities were served in the Fall River Office of the Division.

Leading this ethnic group, as it has been for the past twenty years, were natives of Portugal. There was also an increase in Polish immigration during the past fiscal year due to relaxing of the Polish exit visa authorizing Polish nationals to emigrate to the United States.

There were 200 naturalization applications completed in this Division Office along with 41 applications for certificate of citizenship. Therefore, it shows that citizenship in the southeastern area is a highly valued asset to the community.

The Fall River Branch Office of the Division, with a weekly call to New Bedford, is there to give competent service to United States citizens and aliens, oldcomers and new, in their problems of immigration, naturalization, travel documents, correspondence with local, state and federal offices and their numerous other problems.



STATISTICAL DETAIL  
Services Given

BOSTON

FALL RIVER

LAWRENCE

SPRINGFIELD

WORCESTER

TOTALS

For the Fiscal Year 7/1/66-6/30/67

ALL OFFICES

INFORMATION	6413	734	3517	2254	3205	17,213
Booklets, Forms, Blanks	662	467	195	292	404	2,020
Citizenship	342	579	594	783	817	2,915
Immigration	5064	607	2265	950	1447	10,333
Travel	98	11	272	164	623	1,168
Other	247	70	191	65	4	577
FORMS FILLED	6250	1103	1639	755	1058	10,805
Change of Address (AR-11)	241	35	48	90	35	469
Consulate Biographic Form (DSP-70)	73	1	23	3	4	104
Visa Registration (FS497-497A)	133	2	48	6	6	195
Immig. Visa Application (FS-510)	112	-	63	3	9	187
Notice as Representative (G-28)	250	50	43	-	25	321
Annual Address Report (I-53)	437	180	428	110	214	1,369
Lost Alien Reg. Card (I-90)	249	25	33	57	33	397
Visa Petition-Temp. Help (I-129B)	-	-	4	-	-	4
Visa Petition-Close Relative(I-130)	883	180	176	46	144	1,429
Reentry Permit (I-131)	174	5	16	8	42	245
Skilled Worker Petition (I-140)	53	43	54	4	4	158
Permit to Return after Depor.(I-212)	3	-	-	-	-	3
Suspension of Deportation (I-256A)	4	2	-	-	-	6
Notice of Filing Brief (I-290B)	4	-	2	-	-	6
Foreign Police Clearance (I-484)	36	-	3	-	-	39
Registry form to make Record (I-485)	4	1	7	6	-	18
Perm.Residence Application (I-485)	236	45	48	8	20	357
Change Status to Student (I-506)	30	5	2	4	6	47
Extension of time for Visitor(I-539)	281	63	76	37	101	558
Legal Residence Information sent to Consuls (I-550)	237	11	43	19	12	322
Petition under Orphans Act (I-600)	12	-	3	2	2	19
Waiver of Excludability (I-601)	2	-	-	-	1	3
Waiver under Exchange Act (I-612)	2	-	-	-	-	2
Other Immigration Forms	27	18	44	-	13	102
Declaration of Intention (N-300)	80	4	11	11	15	121
Petition for Naturalization (N-400)	979	198	158	170	172	1,667
Repatriation of American born Citizen (N-401)	-	-	1	-	1	2
Petition for Nat'l.of Child(N-402)	54	29	9	9	2	103
Duplicate Nat'l. Certificate(N-565)	87	5	11	22	8	133
Proof of Citizenship for use Abroad(N-577)	1	-	2	-	-	3
Verification of Arrival (N-585)	98	2	6	9	15	129
Derivative Citizenship Cert.(N-600)	197	41	28	73	37	376
Other Naturalization Forms	1	10	21	7	80	119
Cuban Adjustment-Residence(I-485A)	394	-	53	3-	23	500
Biographic Information (G-325A)	909	148	153	20	34	1,264

	BOSTON	FALL RIVER	LAWRENCE	SPRINGFIELD	WORCESTER	TOTALS
EXECUTION OF AFFIDAVITS	1812	309	603	138	331	3,195
Affidavit of Support	1391	120	244	90	208	2,053
Affidavit of Facts	77	22	96	2	17	214
Certificate of Identity	9	-	6	-	2	17
U.S.S.R. Exit Permit	38	-	3	-	1	42
Polish Assurance	63	-	28	1	43	135
Other Notarial	147	167	123	45	60	542
Cuban Assurance	13	-	34	-	-	47
Labor Clearance (ES-575)	74	2	69	-	-	145
OTHER SERVICES	8009	680	1355	320	736	11,109
Change of Status (Cards)	539	49	53	52	52	745
Appearance at Hearings	120	8	-	-	4	132
Interpretation & Translation	1668	13	230	-	255	2,166
Letters	5675	559	986	276	425	7,921
Other	7	51	86	1	-	145
NEWCOMER INTERVIEW	1500	566	129	356	161	2,712
TOTALS	23,984	4,394	7,243	3,832	5,581	45,034



**ETHNIC AND NATIONALITY STATISTICS**

	BOSTON	FALL RIVER	LAWRENCE	SPRING- FIELD	WORCESTER	TOTAL
1. Albania	51	-	-	3	143	197
2. Algeria	14	-	-	1	-	15
3. Antigua	19	-	-	-	-	19
4. Arabia						
5. Argentina	169	10	6	7	8	200
6. Armenia (R. or T.)	23	-	57	2	91	173
7. Aruba	2	-	-	-	-	2
8. Australia	22	-	7	3	26	58
9. Austria	69	2	15	22	10	118
10. Bahamas	11	-	-	-	-	11
11. Barbados	355	-	-	44	4	403
12. Belgium	61	-	2	28	9	100
13. Bermuda	36	1	-	10	16	13
14. Bolivia	28	-	-	1	-	29
15. Brazil	108	27	39	9	4	187
16. Br. Guiana	25	-	-	4	1	30
17. Bulgaria	16	-	2	-	6	24
18. Canada	1,720	146	1,006	498	433	3,803
19. Ceylon	8	-	-	-	-	8
20. Chile	28	-	-	2	1	31
21. China	749	165	42	20	65	1,041
22. Colombia	236	2	12	7	53	310
23. Costa Rica	268	-	53	-	3	324
24. Cuba	2,832	2	909	186	269	4,198
25. Cyprus	1	-	25	1	-	27
26. Czechoslovakia	79	3	21	6	13	122
27. Danzig	15	-	-	-	1	16
28. Denmark	22	4	10	3	5	44
29. Dominican Republic	94	-	140	2	4	240
30. Ecuador	56	1	96	21	12	186
31. Egypt	81	4	13	-	20	118
32. El Salvador	23	-	-	-	-	23
33. England	488	82	108	203	139	1,020
34. Estonia	9	-	1	-	1	11
35. Finland	34	-	2	8	43	87
36. Formosa	24	-	-	3	9	36
37. France	174	45	67	45	51	382
38. Germany	502	70	233	249	157	1,211
39. Ghana	7	6	-	-	1	14
40. Greece	1,531	33	848	191	370	2,973
41. Guatemala	142	7	9	-	-	158
42. Haiti	334	-	5	8	4	351
43. Honduras	306	-	35	1	3	345
44. Hong Kong	31	2	31	-	15	79
45. Hungary	128	4	57	19	30	238
46. Iceland	-	-	-	2	-	2
47. India	61	4	78	17	90	250
48. Indonesia	56	8	4	26	15	109
49. Iran	76	-	13	12	14	115
50. Iraq	21	-	9	-	5	35
51. Ireland	1,003	20	32	97	97	1,249
52. Israel	37	-	10	9	34	90



	BOSTON	FALL RIVER	LAWRENCE	SPRING- FIELD	WORCESTER	TOTAL
53. Italy	4,106	57	1,123	333	1,037	6,656
54. Jamaica	418	3	3	302	36	762
55. Japan	68	17	13	60	43	201
56. Jordan	53	1	4	5	5	68
57. Kenya	20	-	-	-	1	21
58. Korea	43	-	38	21	33	135
59. Latvia	126	3	-	-	2	131
60. Lebanon	104	45	530	20	71	770
61. Liberia	42	-	-	-	-	42
62. Libya	-	-	-	1	-	1
63. Lithuania	199	-	30	6	84	319
64. Macau	1	-	-	-	-	1
65. Malaysia	-	3	-	3	-	6
66. Mexico	81	-	118	11	19	229
67. Montserrat	222	-	-	-	-	222
68. Morocco	12	2	2	7	-	23
69. Netherlands	77	5	6	10	52	150
70. New Zealand	21	-	2	6	4	33
71. Nicaragua	19	-	-	-	2	21
72. Norway	64	110	7	1	17	199
73. Other Countries	52	6	-	5	10	73
74. Pakistan	12	1	-	3	12	28
75. Palestine	20	-	19	3	7	49
76. Panama	114	-	1	41	3	159
77. Paraguay	12	-	-	12	-	24
78. Peru	104	-	-	5	13	122
79. Philippines	394	69	-	11	28	502
80. Poland	1,108	223	400	332	660	2,723
81. Portugal	1,407	2,735	357	144	21	4,664
82. Puerto Rico	3	-	8	-	3	14
83. Rumania	88	3	11	7	19	128
84. Scotland	96	5	51	52	29	233
85. South Africa	8	5	2	8	1	24
86. Spain	99	29	25	26	11	190
87. St. Lucia	2	-	-	-	-	2
88. Sudan	2	-	-	-	-	2
89. Sweden	36	4	4	3	52	99
90. Switzerland	74	-	14	8	3	99
91. Syria	101	1	48	6	11	167
92. Thailand	7	-	-	1	2	10
93. Trinidad	90	-	1	11	2	104
94. Turkey	299	9	30	23	90	451
95. Ukraine	24	-	-	3	1	28
96. U. S. S. R.	279	6	29	45	27	386
97. United States	1,429	397	354	479	830	3,489
98. Uruguay	37	-	-	-	1	38
99. Venezuela	11	-	11	-	12	34
100. Vietnam	8	-	1	-	1	10
101. Wales	4	-	-	1	3	8
102. West Indies (Other)	106	-	-	24	-	130
103. Yugoslavia	97	7	4	23	48	179
TOTALS	23,984	4,394	7,243	3,832	5,581	45,034



7/1/66-6/30/67

	BOSTON	FALL RIVER	LAWRENCE	SPRING- FIELD	WOR- CESTER	TOTALS
	RESIDENCE OF APPLICANTS					
Abington	5	-	-	-	-	5
Acton	15	-	-	-	-	15
Acushnet	-	8	-	-	-	8
Adams	-	-	-	9	-	9
Agawam	-	-	-	85	-	85
Amesbury	1	-	14	-	-	15
Amherst	22	-	-	27	-	49
Andover	3	-	141	-	-	144
Arlington	303	-	6	-	-	309
Ashfield	1	-	-	-	-	1
Ashland	17	-	-	-	-	17
Attleboro	25	69	1	-	-	95
Auburn	2	-	-	-	64	66
Avon	11	-	-	-	-	11
Ayer	30	-	10	-	1	41
Barnstable	22	2	-	-	1	25
Barre	-	-	-	-	16	16
Bedford	29	-	-	-	-	29
Belchertown	-	-	-	15	-	15
Bellingham	7	4	-	-	-	11
Belmont	212	-	-	-	-	212
Beverly	27	-	4	-	-	31
Billerica	40	-	15	-	-	55
Blandford	-	-	-	1	-	1
Boston	11,290	21	124	-	44	11,479
Bourne	24	9	-	-	-	33
Boxford	3	-	-	-	-	3
Boylston	-	-	-	-	11	11
Braintree	55	-	6	-	-	61
Bridgewater	56	28	-	-	-	84
Brimfield	-	-	-	3	-	3
Brockton	185	1	7	-	-	193
Brookfield	1	-	-	1	32	34
Brookline	858	-	9	-	-	867
Burlington	102	-	-	-	-	102
Cambridge	1,576	-	8	-	15	1,599
Canton	54	-	-	-	-	54
Carlisle	1	-	3	-	-	3
Carver	8	-	-	-	-	8
Charlton	-	-	-	-	29	29
Chelmsford	23	-	36	-	-	59
Chelsea	454	-	12	-	8	474
Chester	-	-	-	3	-	3
Chicopee	9	-	-	556	-	565
Clinton	-	-	-	-	116	116
Cohasset	6	-	-	-	-	6
Concord	36	-	4	-	-	40
Conway	-	-	-	5	-	5



	BOSTON	FALL RIVER	LAWRENCE	SPRING- FIELD	WOR- CESTER	TOTAL
Danvers	31	-	23	-	-	54
Dartmouth	4	174	-	-	-	178
Dedham	101	-	1	-	3	105
Deerfield	-	-	-	4	-	4
Dennis	1	-	-	-	-	1
Dighton	-	7	-	-	-	7
Douglas	-	-	-	-	13	13
Dover	6	-	-	-	-	6
Dracut	4	-	93	-	-	97
Dudley	1	-	-	-	101	102
Duxbury	3	-	-	-	-	3
East Bridgewater	3	-	-	-	-	3
East Brookfield	-	-	-	-	2	2
East Longmeadow	-	-	-	49	-	49
Easthampton	-	-	-	29	-	29
Easton	9	-	-	-	-	9
Egremont	1	-	-	-	-	1
Essex	1	-	-	-	-	1
Everett	411	-	6	-	-	417
Fairhaven	8	161	-	-	-	169
Fall River	37	2,172	2	-	2	2,213
Falmouth	28	66	-	-	-	94
Fitchburg	13	-	-	-	66	79
Foxborough	16	-	-	-	-	16
Framingham	135	-	7	-	2	144
Franklin	33	-	-	-	18	51
Freetown	-	11	-	-	-	11
Gardner	1	-	-	-	61	62
Georgetown	2	-	2	-	-	4
Gloucester	166	-	-	-	-	166
Grafton	5	-	-	-	98	103
Granby	-	-	-	8	-	8
Granville	-	-	-	2	-	2
Great Barrington	-	-	-	2	-	2
Greenfield	1	-	-	8	-	9
Groton	8	-	1	-	-	9
Groveland	4	-	-	-	-	4
Hadley	-	-	-	1	-	1
Halifax	7	-	-	-	-	7
Hamilton	28	-	-	-	-	28
Hampden	-	-	-	10	-	10
Hanover	3	-	-	-	-	3
Hanson	11	-	-	-	-	11
Hardwick	-	-	-	-	13	13
Harvard	1	-	2	-	-	3
Harwich	6	-	-	-	-	6
Haverhill	36	-	364	-	-	400
Hingham	20	-	-	-	-	20



	BOSTON	FALL RIVER	LAWRENCE	SPRING- FIELD	WOR- CESTER	TOTAL
Holbrook	19	-	-	-	-	19
Holden	-	-	-	-	54	54
Holliston	46	-	-	-	-	46
Holyoke	4	-	-	316	-	320
Hopedale	2	-	-	-	-	2
Hudson	18	-	3	-	34	55
Hull	35	-	-	-	-	35
Ipswich	62	-	-	-	-	62
Kingston	29	-	6	-	-	35
Lakeville	-	1	-	-	-	1
Lancaster	18	-	-	-	95	113
Lawrence	40	-	3,443	-	-	3,483
Lee	-	-	-	11	-	11
Leicester	-	-	-	2	62	64
Lenox	1	-	-	3	-	4
Leominster	8	-	-	1	40	49
Lexington	96	-	-	-	-	96
Lincoln	27	-	-	-	-	27
Littleton	12	-	4	-	-	16
Longmeadow	1	-	-	71	-	72
Lowell	57	-	1,947	-	-	2,004
Ludlow	-	-	-	131	-	131
Lynn	394	-	9	-	2	405
Lynnfield	7	-	-	-	-	7
Malden	260	3	-	-	-	263
Manchester	9	-	-	-	-	9
Mansfield	10	-	-	-	-	10
Marblehead	24	-	-	-	-	24
Marion	1	3	2	-	-	6
Marlborough	41	-	-	-	61	102
Marshfield	45	-	-	-	-	45
Mashpee	-	1	-	-	-	1
Mattapoisett	-	15	-	-	-	15
Maynard	18	-	-	-	-	18
Medfield	10	-	-	-	-	10
Medford	363	-	-	-	-	363
Medway	22	-	-	-	-	22
Melrose	121	-	-	-	1	122
Merrimac	-	-	5	-	-	5
Methuen	14	-	384	-	-	398
Middleborough	10	5	-	-	1	16
Middleton	12	-	-	-	-	12
Milford	23	-	-	-	142	165
Millbury	1	-	-	-	63	64
Millis	1	-	-	-	-	1
Milton	51	-	-	-	-	51
Monson	-	-	-	9	-	9
Montague	9	-	-	1	-	10



	BOSTON	FALL RIVER	LAWRENCE	SPRING- FIELD	WOR- CESTER	TOTAL
Nahant	15	-	-	-	-	15
Nantucket	-	5	-	-	-	5
Natick	131	-	2	-	4	137
Needham	61	-	-	-	-	61
New Bedford	27	1,164	-	-	-	1,191
New Braintree	-	-	-	-	1	1
New Marlborough	-	-	-	5	-	5
Newbury	-	-	5	-	-	5
Newburyport	-	-	5	-	-	5
Newton	628	-	20	-	-	648
Norfolk	7	-	-	-	-	7
North Adams	1	-	-	-	-	1
North Andover	3	-	67	-	-	70
North Attleborough	9	11	-	-	-	20
North Brookfield	-	-	-	-	8	8
North Reading	30	-	-	-	-	30
Northampton	2	-	-	27	-	29
Northborough	-	-	-	-	97	97
Northbridge	4	-	-	-	24	28
Norton	1	10	-	-	-	11
Norwood	112	-	6	-	-	118
Oak Bluffs	1	-	-	-	-	1
Oxford	-	-	-	-	31	31
Palmer	-	-	-	57	-	57
Paxton	1	-	-	-	21	22
Peabody	138	-	6	-	2	146
Pembroke	24	-	-	-	-	24
Pepperell	5	-	1	-	-	6
Petersham	-	-	-	-	3	3
Pittsfield	12	-	-	10	-	22
Plainville	3	-	-	-	-	3
Plymouth	25	-	-	-	-	25
Provincetown	5	7	-	-	-	12
Quincy	306	-	2	-	-	308
Randolph	29	4	5	-	-	38
Raynham	1	4	-	-	-	5
Reading	43	-	10	-	-	53
Rehoboth	1	13	-	-	-	14
Revere	189	-	2	-	-	191
Rochester	-	3	-	-	-	3
Rockland	20	-	-	-	-	20
Rockport	7	-	1	-	-	8
Rowley	4	-	-	-	-	4
Rutland	-	-	-	-	32	32
Salem	125	-	1	-	2	128
Salisbury	-	-	4	-	-	4
Sandwich	2	3	-	-	-	5



	BOSTON	FALL RIVER	LAWRENCE	SPRING- FIELD	WOR CESTER	TOTAL
Saugus	48	-	18	-	-	66
Scituate	70	-	-	-	-	70
Seekonk	1	3	-	-	-	4
Sharon	15	-	-	-	-	15
Sheffield	-	-	-	1	-	1
Sherborn	31	-	-	-	-	31
Shirley	6	-	-	-	-	6
Shrewsbury	1	-	-	-	231	232
Somerset	1	120	-	-	-	121
Somerville	1,060	-	-	-	2	1,062
South Hadley	-	-	-	49	-	49
Southampton	-	-	-	2	-	2
Southborough	6	-	-	-	1	7
Southbridge	2	-	-	2	135	139
Southwick	-	-	-	16	-	16
Spencer	-	-	-	-	39	39
Springfield	18	-	-	1,935	-	1,953
Sterling	-	-	-	-	2	2
Stockbridge	-	-	-	2	-	2
Stoneham	77	-	-	-	-	77
Stoughton	51	8	2	-	-	61
Stow	4	-	-	-	-	4
Sturbridge	1	-	-	-	20	21
Sudbury	22	-	-	-	-	22
Sunderland	-	-	-	1	-	1
Sutton	-	-	-	-	1	1
Swampscott	81	-	-	-	-	81
Swansea	-	58	-	-	-	58
Taunton	34	127	-	-	-	161
Templeton	-	-	-	-	1	1
Tewksbury	15	-	54	-	-	69
Tisbury	1	-	-	-	-	1
Topsfield	7	-	-	-	-	7
Truro	2	-	-	-	-	2
Tyngsborough	-	-	7	-	-	7
Tyringham	-	-	-	-	1	1
Upton	-	-	-	-	8	8
Uxbridge	3	-	-	1	52	56
Wakefield	48	-	-	-	-	48
Wales	1	-	-	-	-	1
Walpole	55	-	-	-	-	55
Waltham	346	-	2	-	-	348
Ware	-	-	1	5	4	10
Wareham	6	25	-	-	-	31
Warwick	-	-	-	3	4	7
Watertown	522	-	2	-	-	524
Wayland	16	-	-	-	7	23
Webster	5	-	-	-	197	202
Wellesley	82	-	-	-	-	82
Wenham	13	-	-	-	-	13

	BOSTON	FALL RIVER	LAWRENCE	SPRING- FIELD	WOR- CESTER	TOTAL
West Boylston	-	-	-	-	71	71
West Bridgewater	11	-	-	-	-	11
West Brookfield	1	-	-	-	7	8
West Newbury	1	-	-	-	-	1
West Springfield	-	-	-	141	-	141
Westborough	1	-	-	-	51	52
Westfield	2	-	-	136	1	139
Westford	-	-	20	-	-	20
Westminster	-	-	-	-	1	1
Weston	24	-	1	-	-	25
Westport	1	57	-	-	-	58
Westwood	40	-	-	-	-	40
Weymouth	54	-	4	-	-	58
Whitman	10	-	-	-	-	10
Wilbraham	-	-	-	33	-	33
Williamsburg	1	-	-	-	-	1
Williamstown	-	-	-	2	-	2
Wilmington	24	-	1	-	-	25
Winchendon	1	-	-	-	1	2
Winchester	42	-	6	-	-	48
Winthrop	43	-	2	-	-	45
Woburn	113	-	8	-	-	121
Worcester	37	-	17	-	3,240	3,294
Wrentham	7	6	-	-	-	13
Yarmouth	3	5	-	-	-	8
Out of State	366	-	258	41	9	674
T O T A L	23,984	4,394	7,243	3,832	5,581	45,034











